

ITEMS AND INDICATORS		DATA			Notes	DEF.		
		2009	2010	2011				
		<b>A</b> DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS		A1			Population	9.298.515
A2	Area (square Km)			450.300	450.300	450.300		<a href="#">see def.</a>
A3	Average population density per square Km			20,65	20,83	20,98		<a href="#">see def.</a>
A4	Birth rate per 1000 population			12,02	12,33	11,83		<a href="#">see def.</a>
A5	Death rate per 1000 population			9,70	9,65	...		<a href="#">see def.</a>
A6	Life expectancy at birth (years)			81,50	81,60	81,90	Source: OECD Health Data, October 2013	
A6a	Men			79,40	79,60	79,90		<a href="#">see def.</a>
A6b	Women			83,50	83,60	83,80		
A7	Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) PPP\$ per capita			37.257,00	39.250,70	41.484,00		<a href="#">see def.</a>

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B	HEALTHCARE SYSTEM	B1	Healthcare coverage of population			The public healthcare system covers all residents. A very small percentage of the population has a voluntary additional private healthcare insurance.	<a href="#">see def.</a>		
		B2	Gate-keeping system			In most county councils, primary care has no formal gate-keeping role, i.e. patients may turn directly to medical specialists.	<a href="#">see def.</a>		
		B3	Total health expenditure, PPP\$ per capita			3.703,00	3.716,60	3.924,80	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B4	Public sector health expenditure as % of total health expenditure			81,50%	81,50%	81,60%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B5	Total health expenditure as % of Gross Domestic Product (GDP)			9,90%	9,50%	9,50%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B5a	Public sector health expenditure as % of GDP			8,10%	7,74%	7,58%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B5b	Private sector health expenditure as % of GDP			1,84%	1,82%	1,78%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B6	Expenditure on inpatient care per capita (PPP\$)			1.066,40	1.054,70	1.114,50	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B7	Public inpatient expenditure as % of total inpatient expenditure			98,30%	98,20%	98,30%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		B8	Total inpatient expenditure as % of total health expenditure			28,80%	28,40%	28,40%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
B9	Public funding			The Swedish healthcare system is to a very large extent financed by taxes collected on regional and national levels. The 21 county councils/regions, which finance and also provide most of the healthcare, have the right to levy income taxes, but they also receive state grants.			<a href="#">see def.</a>		

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C	<b>HOSPITAL GOVERNANCE</b>	C1	<b>Administration and management</b>	Most hospitals (including all university hospitals) belong to a county council/region. A few hospitals (including some with emergency units) are run by contracted private providers. The 21 county councils/regions are regrouped in six medical services regions designed to facilitate cooperation concerning tertiary healthcare services.		<a href="#">see def.</a>
		C2	<b>Surveillance authority</b>	The National Board of Health and Welfare is the supervising authority, developing standards based on legislation and in charge of supervision to ensure that these standards are observed.		<a href="#">see def.</a>

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D	HOSPITAL FINANCING	D1	Hospital financers		The hospitals are funded by the county councils/regions. Patients pay small fees for consulting a specialist, and inpatients pay a daily flat rate contribution.	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		D2	Modes of payment		Sweden's 21 county councils/regions determine their own modes of payment. Thus, these are not identical across the country. In some county councils/regions, hospitals are funded by prospective payments based on homogeneous patients groups. In others, they are financed by global budgets or allocated resources. Per performance payments also exist.	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		D3	Use of DRGs		DRGs have been in use in Sweden since the beginning of the 1990s. The use of DRGs varies between different regions/county councils: some of them use DRGs for reimbursement to hospitals to a large extent; others use DRGs only for a limited number of treatments or just as an analysing tool.	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		D4	Hospital investments		The county councils/regions are responsible for the planning and funding of the provision of hospital services.	<a href="#">see def.</a>

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E	TOTAL HOSPITAL CARE PROVISION	E1	Public / Private ownership			Source: Swedish Association of Local Authorities and Regions (SALAR)	<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E1a	% of hospitals private for profit				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E1b	% of hospitals private not for profit				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E2	Categories				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E3	Total number of hospitals				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E4	All hospitals per 100.000 population				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E5	Total number of hospital beds				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E5a	Public inpatient hospital beds (number and % of all beds)				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E5b	Private inpatient hospital beds (number and % of all beds)				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E6	All hospital beds per 100.000 population				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E7	Number of inpatient care admissions/discharges				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E8	Inpatient care admissions/discharges per 100 population				<a href="#">see def.</a>
		E9	Average length of stay for all hospitals (bed-days)				<a href="#">see def.</a>

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F	F1	Number of acute care hospitals	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F1a	Acute care hospitals as % of all hospitals	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F2	Acute care hospitals per 100.000 population	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F3	Number of acute care hospital beds	18.944	18.947	19.008	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F3a	Acute care hospital beds as % of all hospitals beds	73,85%	74,11%	74,35%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F4	Acute care hospital beds per 100.000 population	203,73	202,03	201,16	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F5	Number of acute care hospital admissions/discharges	1.426.824	1.438.126	1.465.125	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F6	Acute care admissions/discharges per 100 population	15,34%	15,33%	15,51%	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F7	Average length of stay for acute care hospitals (bed-days)	5,43	5,23	5,13	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	F8	Bed occupancy rate for acute care hospitals	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>

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G	G1	Number of General Practitioners (GPs)	5.881	5.895	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G1a	General Practitioners per 100.000 population	63,25	62,86	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G1b	Population per one GP	1.581,11	1.590,86	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G2	Number of physicians	35.355	36.227	...	Source: OECD Health Data, October 2013
	G2a	Number of physicians per 100.000 population	380,00	386,00	...	
	G3	% of physicians working in hospitals	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G4	Number of nurses	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G4a	Nurses per 100.000 population	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G5	% of nurses working in hospitals	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>
	G6	Number of nurses per doctor	...	...	...	<a href="#">see def.</a>