


ITEMS AND INDICATORS		DATA			Notes	DEF.	
		2005	2006	2007			
		 LITHUANIA A DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS		A1			Population
A2	Area (square Km)			65.200	65.200	65.200,00	see def.
A3	Average population density per square Km			52,37	52,06	-	see def.
A4	Birth rate per 1000 population			8,95	9,21	9,58	see def.
A5	Death rate per 1000 population			12,83	13,20	13,52	see def.
A6	Life expectancy at birth (years)			71,33	71,16	71,00	
A6a	Men			65,37	65,33	64,90	see def.
A6b	Women			77,40	77,11	77,31	
A7	Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) PPP\$ per capita			14.494,00	15.739,00	-	see def.

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B	B1	Healthcare coverage of population	Coverage is universal, based on the place of residence.				see def.
	B2	Gate-keeping system	The general practitioner is the referring doctor.				see def.
	B3	Total health expenditure, PPP\$ per capita	855,15	975,82	-		see def.
	B4	Public sector health expenditure as % of total health expenditure	67,80%	70,00%	-		see def.
	B5	Total health expenditure as % of Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	5,90%	6,20%	-		see def.
	B5a	Public sector health expenditure as % of GDP	4,00%	-	-		see def.
	B5b	Private sector health expenditure as % of GDP	1,90%	-	-		see def.
	B6	Expenditure on inpatient care per capita (PPP\$)	-	-	-		see def.
	B7	Public inpatient expenditure as % of total inpatient expenditure	-	-	-		see def.
	B8	Total inpatient expenditure as % of total health expenditure	-	-	-		see def.
	B9	Public funding	The major part of public funding comes from the statutory health insurance, but there is also a considerable share financed by taxes.				see def.

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C	HOSPITAL GOVERNANCE	C1	Administration and management				see def.
		C2	Surveillance authority				
			<p>The government operates two university hospitals. The municipalities operate small- and medium-size hospitals. They own the equipment for ambulant healthcare services and the rehabilitation hospitals.</p>				
			<p>The state government is responsible for the organisation of the national health policy, the districts for the implementation of the national policies in their territories and the municipalities for the implementation of local programs. Municipalities can privatise their hospitals with the approval of the government. But the 1997 Decentralisation Act has not yet clearly established up to which extent and how responsibilities are shared between the central state government, the districts and the municipalities.</p>				see def.

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D	HOSPITAL FINANCING	D1	Hospital financers		Since 1997, the territorial health funds conclude contracts with healthcare service providers in their respective area. They fund the provided services and the reimbursements for drugs, and they guarantee the quality of services provided. Since 1999, there are ceilings for the volume of services stipulated in the contracts.		see def.
		D2	Modes of payment		Payments are based on costs calculated on the basis of 50 DRG. The territorial health funds finance hospitals prospectively at the beginning of each year.		see def.
		D3	Use of DRGs				see def.
		D4	Hospital investments		The municipalities are responsible for the maintenance and development of their own infrastructure. They decide about investments in their territory. But given their financial difficulties, the modernisation of hospitals and their equipment has become again, in 1998, an objective of the national investment policy.		see def.

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E	E1	Public / Private ownership	The private sector is still very marginal.				see def.
	E1a	% of hospitals private for profit					see def.
	E1b	% of hospitals private not for profit					see def.
	E2	Categories	Hospitals are classified according to their specialisation: - specialised hospitals (infectious diseases, tuberculosis, oncology, psychiatry, toxicology); - general hospitals; - convalescence hospitals; - re-adaptation hospitals; - sanatoriums.				see def.
	E3	Total number of hospitals	173	174	165		see def.
	E4	All hospitals per 100.000 population	5,07	5,13	4,89		see def.
	E5	Total number of hospital beds	27.727	27.114	27.476		see def.
	E5a	Public inpatient hospital beds (number and % of all beds)	27.617 99,60%	27.009 99,61%	27.391 99,69%		see def.
	E5b	Private inpatient hospital beds (number and % of all beds)	110 0,40%	105 0,39%	85 0,31%		see def.
	E6	All hospital beds per 100.000 population	812,08	798,86	813,95		see def.
	E7	Number of inpatient care admissions/discharges	812.666	788.526	802.645		see def.
	E8	Inpatient care admissions/discharges per 100 population	23,80%	23,23%	23,78%		see def.
	E9	Average length of stay for all hospitals (bed-days)	10,20	10,00	9,90		see def.

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		2005	2006	2007		
F	F1	Number of acute care hospitals	81	86	81	see def.
	F1a	Acute care hospitals as % of all hospitals	46,82%	49,43%	49,09%	see def.
	F2	Acute care hospitals per 100.000 population	2,37	2,53	2,40	see def.
	F3	Number of acute care hospital beds	18.034	17.312	17.193	see def.
	F3a	Acute care hospital beds as % of all hospitals beds	65,04%	63,85%	62,57%	see def.
	F4	Acute care hospital beds per 100.000 population	528,19	510,06	509,33	see def.
	F5	Number of acute care hospital admissions/discharges	728.187	702.815	714.232	see def.
	F6	Acute care admissions/discharges per 100 population	21,33%	20,71%	21,16%	see def.
	F7	Average length of stay for acute care hospitals (bed-days)	7,20	6,90	6,60	see def.
	F8	Bed occupancy rate for acute care hospitals	78,60%	76,10%	75,50%	see def.

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G	HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE						
	G1	Number of General Practitioners (GPs)	2.963	2.600	2.615		see def.
	G1a	General Practitioners per 100.000 population	86,78	76,60	77,47		see def.
	G1b	Population per one GP	1.152,31	1.305,42	1.290,87		see def.
	G2	Number of physicians	13.650	13.510	13.729		see def.
	G2a	Number of physicians per 100.000 population	399,79	398,05	406,71		see def.
	G3	% of physicians working in hospitals	40,10%	43,50%	42,20%		see def.
	G4	Number of nurses	25.364	25.169	24.804		see def.
	G4a	Nurses per 100.000 population	742,87	741,56	734,80		see def.
	G5	% of nurses working in hospitals	59,00%	58,50%	58,80%		see def.
G6	Number of nurses per doctor	1,86	1,86	1,81		see def.	