


ITEMS AND INDICATORS		DATA			Notes	DEF.	
		2005	2006	2007			
		 DENMARK A DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS		A1			Population
A2	Area (square Km)			43.090	43.090	43.090,00	see def.
A3	Average population density per square Km			125,69	125,02	126,74	see def.
A4	Birth rate per 1000 population			11,87	11,96	-	see def.
A5	Death rate per 1000 population			10,10	10,16	-	see def.
A6	Life expectancy at birth (years)			78,44	78,51	-	
A6a	Men			76,15	76,21	-	see def.
A6b	Women			80,65	80,76	-	
A7	Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) PPP\$ per capita			33.973,00	35.125,00	-	see def.

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B	HEALTHCARE SYSTEM	B1	Healthcare coverage of population			The access to healthcare is nearly free of charge. 98% of the Danes benefit from free-of-charge healthcare as outdoor patients with their general practitioner with whom they are registered. 2% have chosen the direct settlement scheme with the free choice of their doctor. About one third of the population take out additional private insurance.	see def.		
		B2	Gate-keeping system			The system with a general practitioner as referring doctor is not mandatory. Patients are free to choose their doctor under the condition that they renounce free-of-charge healthcare and are ready to pay for it. 98% of the population have opted for the system with a referring doctor.	see def.		
		B3	Total health expenditure, PPP\$ per capita			3.152,00	3.357,00	3.512,00	see def.
		B4	Public sector health expenditure as % of total health expenditure			83,70%	84,10%	84,50%	see def.
		B5	Total health expenditure as % of Gross Domestic Product (GDP)			9,50%	9,60%	9,80%	see def.
		B5a	Public sector health expenditure as % of GDP			7,90%	-	-	see def.
		B5b	Private sector health expenditure as % of GDP			1,50%	-	-	see def.
		B6	Expenditure on inpatient care per capita (PPP\$)			985,00	1.064,00	1.278,00	see def.
		B7	Public inpatient expenditure as % of total inpatient expenditure			94,20%	94,40%	94,30%	see def.
		B8	Total inpatient expenditure as % of total health expenditure			31,20%	31,70%	36,40%	see def.
B9	Public funding			Funding is mainly ensured by taxes (local and national taxes).			see def.		

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C	HOSPITAL GOVERNANCE	C1	Administration and management				see def.
			Public hospitals are managed and owned by the five newly established regions or the Copenhagen Hospitals Corporation. The few catholic not-for-profit hospitals have been taken over progressively by the districts first and then by the regions.				
		C2	Surveillance authority				see def.
			The Ministry of Health establishes the general legal framework as well as the rules applicable to hospitals. It manages directly only the national university hospital of Copenhagen and the healthcare service of Greenland. The regions or the Copenhagen Hospitals Corporations are responsible for the provision of inpatient healthcare services in the hospitals.				

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D	HOSPITAL FINANCING	D1	Hospital financers			Public hospitals are funded by the regions. The hospitals of the Copenhagen Hospitals Corporation are funded by the municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Private. For-profit hospitals are financed with the patients' payments.	see def.
		D2	Modes of payment			Public hospitals are funded with a global budget based on DRGs and on negotiated targets of the activities. 10% of the funding is based on the activity.	see def.
		D3	Use of DRGs				see def.
		D4	Hospital investments			Large investments for infrastructure and expensive equipment are decided and confirmed by the regions after a debate with the hospital managers. Smaller investments are decided by the hospital managers. The regions or the municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg, in case of the Copenhagen Hospitals Corporation, are financing the investments of not-for-profit hospitals.	see def.

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E	TOTAL HOSPITAL CARE PROVISION	E1	Public / Private ownership	Coexistence of public and private hospitals. Private, for-profit hospitals are still rare (capacity of about 800 beds), but are increasing due to the wide system of choices, enabling patients to get private healthcare services in case waiting time is too long in the public sector.			see def.
		E1a	% of hospitals private for profit				see def.
		E1b	% of hospitals private not for profit				see def.
		E2	Categories	There are two categories of hospitals for: - "the basic service", available in all districts, - "regional and national functions" (high-tech services) in a couple of hospitals. There are very few specialised hospitals.			see def.
		E3	Total number of hospitals	59	-	-	see def.
		E4	All hospitals per 100.000 population	1,09	-	-	see def.
		E5	Total number of hospital beds	20.058	19.636	19.086	see def.
		E5a	Public inpatient hospital beds (number and % of all beds)	-	-	-	see def.
		E5b	Private inpatient hospital beds (number and % of all beds)	-	-	-	see def.
		E6	All hospital beds per 100.000 population	370,35	364,50	349,48	see def.
		E7	Number of inpatient care admissions/discharges	832.726	830.887	828.922	see def.
		E8	Inpatient care admissions/discharges per 100 population	15,38%	15,42%	15,18%	see def.
		E9	Average length of stay for all hospitals (bed-days)	5,40	5,30	5,20	see def.

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F	F1	Number of acute care hospitals	-	-	-	see def.
	F1a	Acute care hospitals as % of all hospitals	-	-	-	see def.
	F2	Acute care hospitals per 100.000 population	-	-	-	see def.
	F3	Number of acute care hospital beds	-	-	16.779 (*) 2004	see def.
	F3a	Acute care hospital beds as % of all hospitals beds	-	-	-	see def.
	F4	Acute care hospital beds per 100.000 population	-	-	310,65 (*) 2004	see def.
	F5	Number of acute care hospital admissions/discharges	-	-	-	see def.
	F6	Acute care admissions/discharges per 100 population	-	-	-	see def.
	F7	Average length of stay for acute care hospitals (bed-days)	3,50	-	-	see def.
	F8	Bed occupancy rate for acute care hospitals	-	-	-	see def.

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G	HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE					
	G1	Number of General Practitioners (GPs)	4.196	4.174	-	see def.
	G1a	General Practitioners per 100.000 population	77,47	76,80	-	see def.
	G1b	Population per one GP	1.290,75	1.302,00	-	see def.
	G2	Number of physicians	16.727	17.226	-	see def.
	G2a	Number of physicians per 100.000 population	308,85	316,97	-	see def.
	G3	% of physicians working in hospitals	74,00%	74,50%	-	see def.
	G4	Number of nurses	52.313	51.787	-	see def.
	G4a	Nurses per 100.000 population	965,90	952,92	-	see def.
	G5	% of nurses working in hospitals	68,90%	70,30%	-	see def.
G6	Number of nurses per doctor	3,13	3,01	-	see def.	